

Iowa K–12 Public School Facilities

2013			
Enrollment	# of Schools	Area of K–12 District Buildings	Average Area per Student
499,489	1,390	92 million gross square feet (GSF)	184 GSF

K–12 school buildings and grounds have an impact on our children’s educational success, the health and economic vitality of our communities, and the environment. Local school districts and many states have been working hard to support the ongoing maintenance, operations, new construction, and capital improvements of public school facilities.

Without a standards framework to inform spending levels, however, communities cannot plan or advocate for what their schools need. And communities with the least wealth are often the ones least able to meet the need. This fact sheet provides facilities spending and investment data within a standards framework to encourage a solutions-oriented public dialogue on how Iowa can provide healthy, safe, and educationally appropriate schools for all students.

For background, analysis, and data sources, visit www.stateofourschools.org for the companion report **State of Our Schools: America’s K–12 Facilities 2016**.

20 Years of Facilities Spending and Investment

Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Spending

Responsible maintenance and operations result in healthy and safe environments and help to secure the full life of school-construction investments already made. From 1994 through 2013, Iowa public school districts reported to the U.S. Census of Governments that they spent an inflation-adjusted total of \$8.2 billion from their annual operating budgets on “Maintenance and Operation of Plant,” which includes cleaning, routine and preventive maintenance, minor repairs, utilities, and school security. During this period, Iowa school districts spent 8.7% of their total operating funds on maintenance and operations.

State Maintenance & Operations of Plant FY 2011–2013 (in 2014\$)	National Average	
Annual Average	\$440 M	\$50 B
Annual Average per 2013 Student	\$881	\$1,039
Annual Average per GSF	\$4.78	\$6.64

Capital Construction Investments

Changes in enrollments; updated standards for education, health, and safety; and normal deterioration of building systems and components require capital investments over the lifespan of every school facility. From 1994 through 2013, Iowa K–12 school districts reported spending an inflation-adjusted \$9.4 billion on school-construction capital outlay. An estimated 35% of Iowa’s construction spending in these years went to new school construction, either as replacement schools or to serve growing enrollments. On average, Iowa school district enrollments increased by 0.2% between 1993-94 and 2012-13 as compared with an increase at the national level of 11.3%.

State Capital Outlay for School Construction FY 1994–2013 (in 2014\$)	National Average	
Annual Average	\$469 M	\$49 B
Annual Average per 2013 Student	\$940	\$1,008
Total Investment 1994–2013 per 2013 Student	\$18,793	\$20,157

Iowa’s school districts paid 65% of the costs for K–12 capital projects with local funds, and Iowa’s local school districts’ long-term debt at the end of fiscal year 2013 totaled \$3.3 billion or \$6,688 per student, as compared with the national average of \$8,465. The state provided 35% of the cost of capital construction as compared with the national average of 18%.

Using Standards to Plan for the Future

M&O Spending Standards

For Iowa school districts to operate healthy, safe, and educationally appropriate school facilities, they should plan to spend from annual operating budgets an amount equal to at least 3% of the facilities’ current replacement value (CRV) on maintenance and operations—an estimated \$726 million per year. From 2011 through 2013, Iowa spent 61% of this standard. Meeting the standard would require spending an additional \$286 million statewide or about \$573 more per student.

State Average New Construction		State Facilities Gross Square Footage		Current Replacement Value
\$263 per GSF	X	92 million GSF	=	\$24 billion

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Capital Construction Investment Standards

Iowa should plan to spend an amount equal to at least 4% of its facilities' CRV annually in capital funds on building system and component renewals, reducing accumulated deferred maintenance, and making alterations to ensure that its existing facilities support the educational programs and modern health and safety requirements—an estimated total of \$968 million per year. On average, from 1994 through 2013, Iowa districts spent 48% of the standard. Meeting the standard for its existing facilities would require an increase in annual average capital construction investments of about \$499 million statewide or \$999 per student.

New Construction to Meet Enrollment Growth

The National Center for Education Statistics projects that, between 2012 and 2024, Iowa will experience a statewide total enrollment increase of 6,575 students or 1.3 percent. Iowa should accordingly plan to spend an average of an additional \$25 million per year for new facilities to accommodate the additional students.

New Seats ¹	GSF per New Seat	Cost per GSF	Estimated 10-Year Cost	Estimated Annual Cost
5,260	184	\$ 263	\$255 M	\$25 M

(1) 80% of the projected increase in enrollment.

Projected Annual Gap in Facilities Spending and Investment

Including the costs of any new construction required to accommodate enrollment growth, Iowa should plan to spend an average annual total of \$1,719 million on its K–12 facilities. Based on historic rates of spending, meeting this standard would require spending an additional \$810 million statewide or about \$1,622 per student.

K–12 Facilities Responsibilities		Modern Standards	Historic Spending	% of Standard	Projected Annual Gap
Maintenance & Operations at 3% of CRV		\$726 M	\$440 M ²	61%	\$286 M
Capital Construction	Existing Facilities at 4% of CRV	\$968 M	\$469 M ³	47%	\$524 M
	New Facilities	\$25 M			
TOTAL		\$1,719 M	\$909 M	53%	\$810 M

(2) FY2011-13 average; (3) 20-year (FY1994–2013) average, including NEW construction.

Data Sources

- Basic state data are from the National Center on Education Statistics (NCES) Common Core of Data (2012-13) with charter school enrollment and number of schools included, when included in NCES state totals.
- Area of K-12 district building gross square footage (GSF) was provided by the Iowa Department of Education.
- Facilities maintenance and operation spending, capital investment, debt, and state capital revenue data are district reported on fiscal surveys (F-33) to the U.S. Census of Governments, published by NCES for fiscal years 1994-2013.
- State share of capital construction is based on an adjusted value for state revenue for capital outlay. See Appendix C in State of our Schools: America's K-12 Facilities 2016 for details.
- Maintenance and operations spending and capital construction are adjusted to 2014 dollars, using the education adjusted Consumer Price Index, and the Turner Construction Index, respectively.
- The Percentage of new construction is based on Dodge Data & Analytics costs at contract start of public school districts' school construction projects by project type and state and year (1995-2013).
- For purposes of clarity, the figures in this profile have been rounded.